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● **#Thread | Nehru - John F. Kennedy & The Nuke ~ The Nuclear Blunder of Chacha .. !**

Read Complete Thread if you want to Understand the Real Fact & What is Hidden from your for Decades..

Continued [1/N]

Nehru – John F. Kennedy & The Nuke Nuclear Blunder of Chacha .. !



- The Ignorance :

In 1961 the Relationship of Indo-China is at worst Phase.

John F Kennedy 35th U.S. President Understood that China is going to Attack India & He wanted to Help India

But Nehru not only Ignored the offers made by Kennedy but rejected It.

[2/N]



According to Former Foreign Secretary of India Mr. Maharaja Krishna Rasgotra US President John F Kennedy's offer of helping India detonate a nuclear device much before China did in 1964

I.e in 1961

In his Book "A Life in Diplomacy" Rasgotra said

[3/N]

“Kennedy, who was an admirer of India’s democracy and held its leader Jawaharlal Nehru in very high esteem, felt that democratic India, not Communist China, should be the first Asian country to conduct a nuclear test”.

Kennedy’s hand-written letter was accompanied by a technical note from the chairman of the US Atomic Energy Commission, setting out the assistance his organisation would provide to Indian atomic scientists to detonate an American device from atop a tower in Rajasthan desert.

In the letter Kennedy had said that he and the American establishment were aware of Nehru’s strong views against nuclear tests and nuclear weapons, but emphasised the political and security threat China’s test would spell for Nehru’s government and India’s security.

“Nothing is more important than national security”, Kennedy’s letter had emphasised.

However, after discussions with Dr Homi Bhabha and G.P. Parthasarathy, Nehru finally turned down the letter, though he was not disinclined to the offer initially and had instructed Dr Bhabha to “work out a plan of action on most urgent basis, should we finally accept Kennedy’s offer”.

- The Insult of John F Kennedy :

Former American Ambassador to India John Kenneth Galbraith mentions in his Book Ambassador's Journal that Nehru was ignoring Kennedy's proposals by answering in Just one or 2 words

He describes that Kennedy was Discouraged.

[4/N]

November 7 — Washington

The talks began at ten in the President's office with Nehru, B. K. Nehru, M. J. Desai, Rusk, Talbot and Rostow present. We were disposed on the two couches with the President rocking between on his rocking chair. The sun was bright outside and the french doors were open. Caroline and playmates were running about and once J.B.K. almost came wandering in wearing purple slacks.

As talks, they were a brilliant monologue by the President. This was not intentional — Nehru simply did not respond. Question after question he answered with monosyllables or a sentence or two at most. I thought the President found it very discouraging but he kept his good humor and kept on trying. The subjects included Berlin, South Vietnam, nuclear testing and Indo-Pakistani relations, and only the latter elicited any real response. On the other hand, it gave me a good insight into the President's views on a wide variety of matters. As usual, he was incisive and totally candid — even as to the role of the Pentagon and its friends in promoting arms appropriations.

After the meeting broke up around 12:30 P.M., I strolled out on the back lawn with the President. He was very discouraged and so was I. He thought he had done badly, I fail to see how he could have done better.

In the evening, I went to a big reception at the Indian Embassy — the Indians are on to my techniques of social escape and M. J. Desai warned me I would be missed. Then on to a dinner at the White House.

The latter was attended by about thirty at one long table — the Bunkers and the Coopers²¹ were there plus Schlesingers, Lyndon Johnsons, Rusks and Orvil Dryfoos of the *Times*. The gold plate was out and the flowers, which included an assortment of orchids, were very light and gay. The food was far from inadequate. The band made far too much noise for the rather limited space.

We assembled in one of the middle rooms and on the arrival of

²¹ See pages xi, 42

John Kenneth Galbraith also states that

" Nehru who had sat between Mrs. Kennedy and her sister and with the light of love in his eyes, was obviously delighted. His response, rather long, was a touching account of how Gandhi had affected the Indian character."

[5/N]

the President, filed by and on into the state dining room. I sat between Lorraine Cooper and Harriet Bunker,²² both very nice

The President's toast was superb — "I can add little by way of welcome, Mr. Prime Minister, to the one you received from Mr. Lawrence Spivak."²³ The Prime Minister, who had sat between Mrs. Kennedy and her sister and with the light of love in his eyes, was obviously delighted. His response, rather long, was a touching account of how Gandhi had affected the Indian character. After dinner, the men gathered in a circle around him for nearly an hour. The talk was mostly on Communist China, Tito, the new African countries, the relation of innocence to isolationism. On the whole, it was very good. Incidentally, Walter Reuther was there and was very vivid and lively as usual.

It broke up about midnight. Toward two in the morning, the President called me to inquire how I thought things had gone, to talk about South Vietnam and to tell me that Jackie had postponed her trip until January.

November 10 — New York

Day before yesterday, in the morning, the Prime Minister and President met alone at my suggestion and things went much better. In private, the conversation became much more relaxed. Meanwhile Talbot, Desai, B. K. Nehru and I sat out in the Fish Room. It was the first relaxed hour since coming to Washington. After the President and the Prime Minister broke up, the President and I strolled for a few minutes in the sunshine on the terrace. He was much happier and said he had caught some of the Nehru magic.

Lunch was at the John Sherman Coopers'. I sat with Mrs. Gandhi and Lyndon Johnson. Lyndon was just back from an electoral victory in Texas and talkative as usual. But I like him more and more. He is genuinely intelligent and wants to do things

²² The wives of my two predecessors as Ambassador to India.

²³ The version in Arthur M. Schlesinger, Jr.'s *A Thousand Days* (Boston: Houghton Mifflin, 1965), p. 525, is, I believe, more accurate.

India is Friend China is Bhai: Russia Policy in 1962 War

Nehru was Strongly Influenced by Communist Ideology & Russia He Believed that Russia will Stand with India even if China Attacks .. so He Might be taken Helping Hands of Kennedy & US Lightly

[6/N]



Russia or Any other countries Never came to Help Indian at this Time Suddenly Nehru Remembered John F Kennedy Whom he Ignored

He Writes a Letter & asks for Help From US, Later copies of these letters were destroyed from Indian side

But But Unfortunately we have it here 😊

[7/N]

1 9 6 2

**THE SINO-INDIAN
WAR BEGAN**



In Letter Nehru Writes

" The situation in the N.E.F.A. Command has deteriorated still further. Bondila has fallen and the retreating forces from Sela have been trapped between the Sela Ridge and Bandila. A serious threat has developed to our Digboi oil fields in Assam."

[8/N]

OUTGOING TELEGRAM Department of State

INDICATE: ☐ COLLECT
☐ CHARGE TO

~~TOP SECRET~~

EYES ONLY

Control 4271

November 19, 1962
10:01 p.m.

L

Origin
S/S

ACTION: Amembassy NEW DELHI 2167 NIACT
VERBATIM TEXT

Info:

EYES ONLY FOR AMBASSADOR

The following letter was delivered to the President by the Indian Ambassador this evening, and is transmitted for your information in the event that a copy has not been delivered to Embassy. Department comments will follow in separate telegram.

QUOTE

New Delhi
19th November 1962

Dear Mr. President,

Within a few hours of despatching my earlier message of today, the situation in the N.E.F.A. Command has deteriorated still further. Bomdila has fallen and the retreating forces from Sela have been trapped between the Sela Ridge and Bomdila. A serious threat has developed to our Digboi oil fields in Assam. With the advance of the Chinese in massive strength, the entire Brahmaputra Valley is seriously threatened and unless something is done immediately to stem the tide the whole of Assam, Tripura, Manipur and Nagaland would also

Drafted by:

S - Mr. KHN Knepper: aeh: 11/20

Telegraphic transmission and

Classification approved by:

S/S - Mr. Breisky

Clearances:

EYES ONLY

DECLASSIFIED 46
E.O. 12958, Sec. 2.6
NLK-91-54 Appeal
By mmk NARA Date 9/1/98

~~TOP SECRET~~

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FORM
8-61 DS-322

Further Nehru Writes

"I request you to consider assisting us with two Squadrons of Bombers of B-47 type. To man this indispensable arm we would like to send immediately our Pilots in and Technicians for training/the United States. "

[9/N]

~~TOP SECRET~~

manned by Indian personnel.

9. Determined as we are to liberate all parts of our territory which may pass into the hands of the Chinese aggressors it is clear that sooner or later we would have to neutralise their bases and airfields by striking from the air. For this purpose I request you to consider assisting us with two Squadrons of Bombers of B-47 type. To man this indispensable arm we would like to send immediately our Pilots in and Technicians for training/the United States.

10. The Chinese threat as it has developed involves not merely the survival of India, but the survival of free and independent Governments in the whole of this ~~M~~ sub-Continent or in Asia. The domestic quarrels regarding small areas or territorial borders between the countries in this ~~sub~~ sub-Continent or in Asia have no relevance whatever in the context of the developing ~~EXM~~ Chinese ~~XXXXX~~ invasion. I would emphasize particularly that all the assistance or ~~X~~ equipment given to us to meet our dire need will be used entirely for resistance against the Chinese. I have made this clear in a letter I sent to ~~XXXXXX~~ President Ayub Khan of Pakistan. I am asking our Ambassador to give you a copy of this letter.

11. We are confident that your great country will in this hour of our trial help us in our fight for survival and for the survival of

~~TOP SECRET~~

Further on Letter Nehru Writes

"Any air action to be taken against the Chinese beyond the limits of our country, e.g. in Tibet, will be taken by I.A.F."

[10/N]

TOP SECRET

pass into Chinese hands.

2. The Chinese have ~~been~~ poised massive forces in the Chumbi Valley between Sikkim and Bhutan and another invasion from that direction appears imminent. Our areas further North West on the border with Tibet in the States of U.P., Punjab and Himachal Pradesh are also threatened. In Ladakh, as I have said in my earlier communication, Chushul is under heavy attack and shelling of the airfield at Chushul has already commenced. We have also noticed increasing air activity by the Chinese air force in Tibet.

3. Hitherto we have restricted our requests for assistance to essential equipment and we are most grateful for the assistance which has been so readily given to us. We did not ask for more comprehensive assistance particularly air assistance because of the wider implications of such assistance in the global context and we did not want to embarrass our friends.

4. The situation that has developed is, however, really desperate. We have to have more comprehensive assistance if the Chinese are to be prevented from taking over the whole of Eastern India. Any delay in this assistance reaching us will result in nothing short of a catastrophe for our country.

TOP SECRET

~~TOP SECRET~~

~~XX~~ felt

5. We have repeatedly ~~XXXX~~ the need of using air arm in support of our land forces, but have been unable to do so as in the present state of our air and radar equipment we have no defense against retaliatory action by the Chinese.
6. I, therefore, request that immediately support be given to strengthen our air arm sufficiently to stem the tide of Chinese advance.
7. I am advised that for providing adequate air defense a minimum of 12 squadrons of supersonic allweather fighters are essential. We have no modern radar cover in the country. For this also we seek your assistance. Our needs are most immediate. The United States Air Force personnel will have to man these fighters and radar installations while our personnel are being trained. U.S. fighters and transport planes manned by U.S. personnel will be used for the present to protect our cities and installations from Chinese air attacks and to maintain our communications. We should if this is possible also like U.S. planes manned by U.S. ~~XX~~ personnel to assist the Indian Air Force in air battles with the Chinese air force over Indian areas where air action by the I.A.F. against Chinese communication lines supplies and troop concentration may lead to counter air action by the Chinese.
8. Any air action to be taken against the Chinese beyond the limits of our country, e.g. in Tibet, will be taken by I.A.F. planes

~~TOP SECRET~~

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~ Nehru to Kennedy

[11/N]

~~TOP SECRET~~

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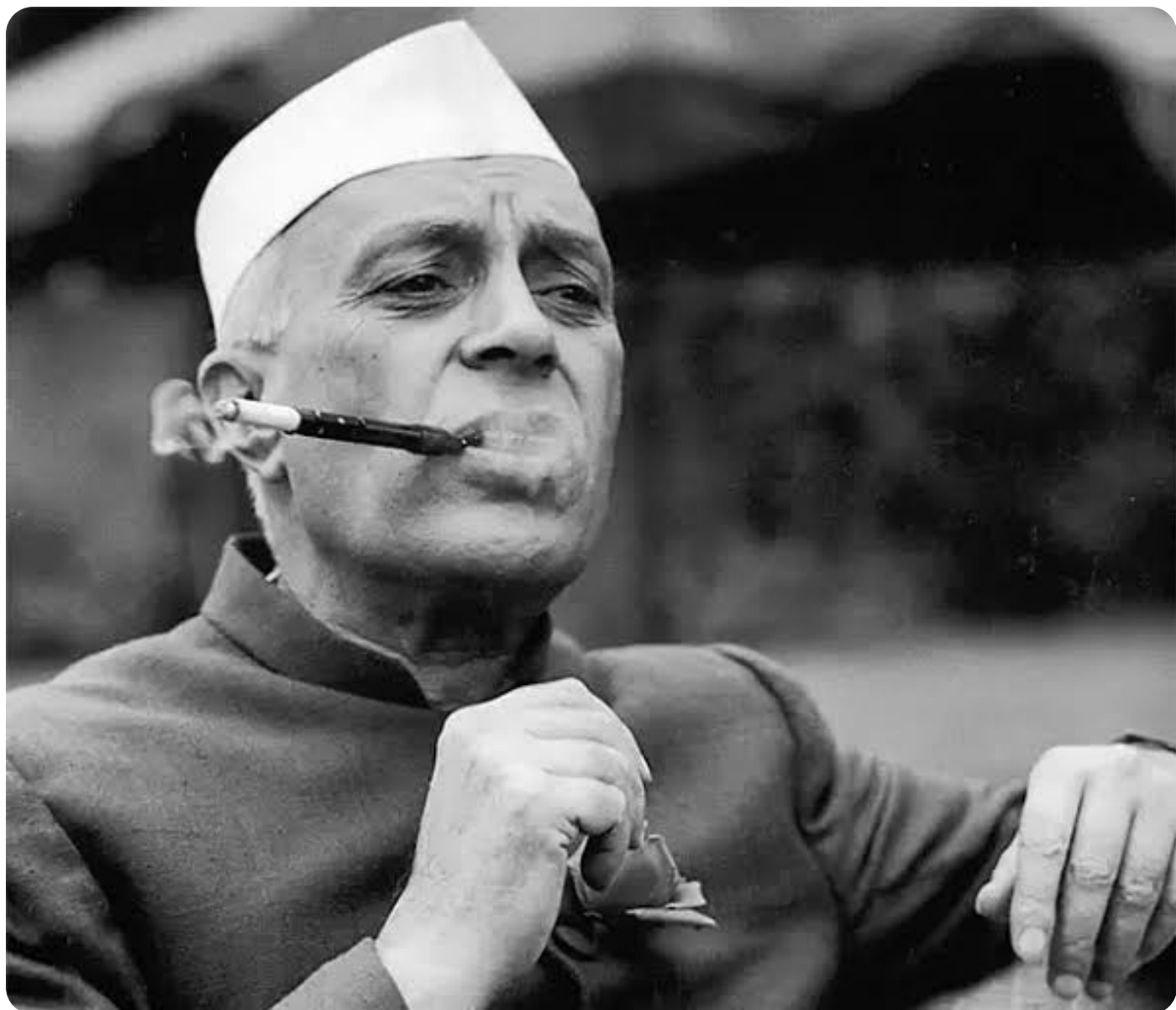
~~TOP SECRET~~

Asper sources at the Time of Nehru it self these letters were made disappeared from Govt documents coz

Incase these letters were came out then it would be a great Insult to Nehru's Policy & his Communist mentality will be exposed.

But these letters came out in 2010 🤪

[12/N]

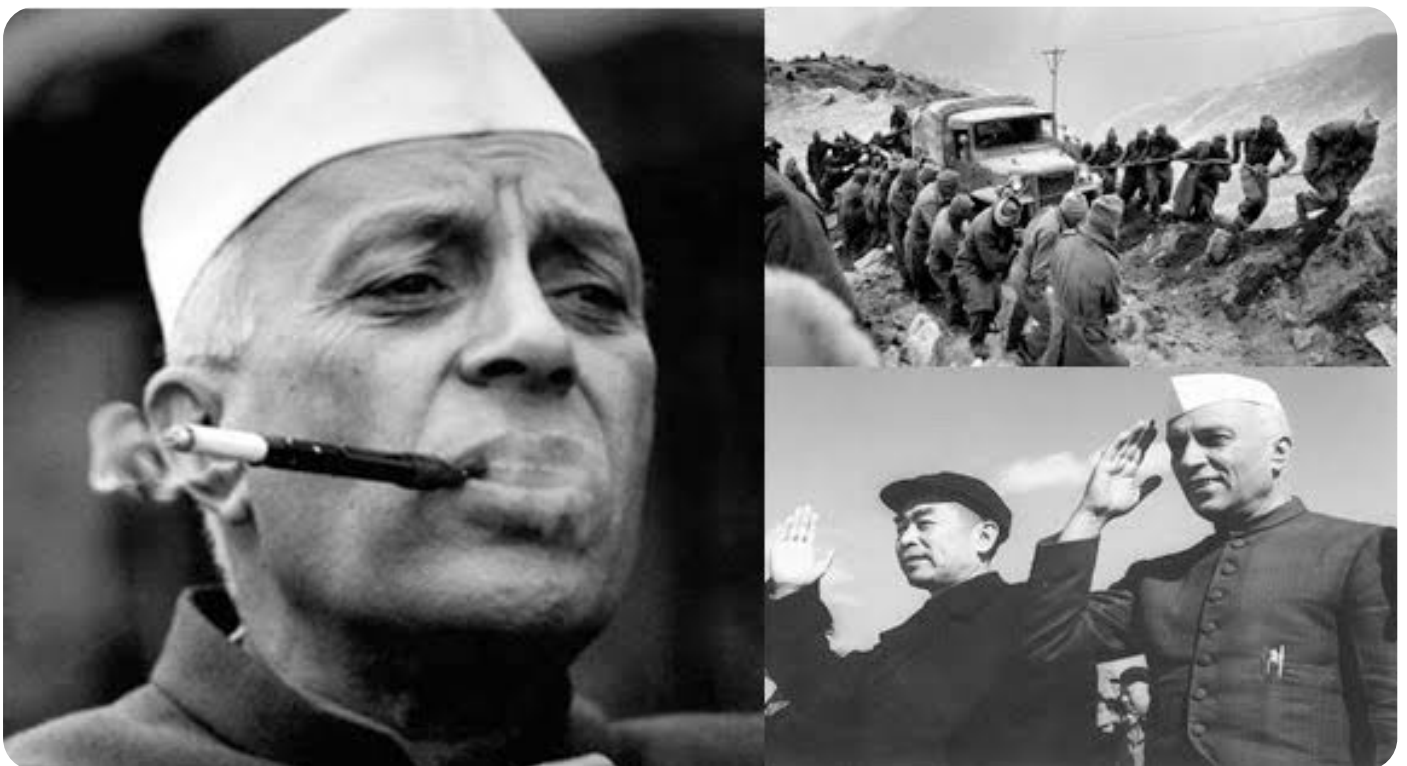


If In case Nehru would have Accepted the Offer of Kennedy then

It would have deterred China from launching its war of 1962 and even imparted a note of caution to [Pakistan's] Field Marshal Ayub Khan's plans for war in 1965

One Blunder of Chacha Pushed India into 2 wars

[13/N]



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